English

# The Niels Henrik Abel mathematics competition 2015-2016 

Second round 14 January 2016

Do not turn the page until told to by your teacher! The second round of the Abel competition consists of 10 problems to be solved in 100 minutes. The solutions are integers between 0 and 999, inclusive. Write your answers in the lower left hand side of the form.

You get 10 points for each correct answer and 0 points for a blank or wrong answer. This yields a total between 0 and 100 points.

No aids other than scratch paper and writing implements (including compass and ruler) are allowed.

When your teacher says so, you can turn over the page and begin working on the problems.

Fill in using block letters

| Name |  | Date of birth |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address |  |  | Gender |
| Post code | Post office |  |  |
| School |  |  | Class |
| Citizenship | Email | Mobile phone |  |
| Results list: Note that regardless, we only publish results for the best third$\square$ Check the box to allow us to put your name on the results list |  |  |  |

Answers
1

6
$\square$
2

7

3

8

4

5

9 $\square$
10


## For the teacher

$\square$
Correct:

## Problem 1

If $a$ and $b$ are positive integers and $a^{3}+a^{2} b-a b^{2}-b^{3}=2^{10}$, what is the value of $a$ ?

## Problem 2

In a right triangle $A B C, \angle B A C=90^{\circ}$. The circle having $A B$ as diameter has area 283, and the circle having $A C$ as diameter has area 282. What is the area of the circumcircle of $A B C$ ? (The circumcircle of $A B C$ is the circle passing through the points $A, B$, and $C$.)

## Problem 3

Among the positive integers less than 32 , $A$ numbers have exactly four unique positive divisors, $B$ numbers have exactly three unique positive divisors, and $C$ numbers have exactly two unique positive divisors. (A divisor is an integer which divides a given integer $n$ with no remainder. Note that 1 and $n$ are counted as divisors of any positive integer $n$.) What is the product $A B C$ ?

## Problem 4

Five points $A, B, C, D$, and $E$ are located in the given order on a circle, so that $A B=B C=C D=D E$ and $\angle A D E=120^{\circ}$. What is $\angle C D E$ measured in degrees?

## Problem 5

Two positive numbers $x$ and $y$ satisfy $2 x-x^{2}+2 y-y^{2} \geq 2 x y+1$ and $y^{2}-x^{2}=\frac{1}{3}$. What is $y / x$ ?

## Problem 6

What is the number of positive integer solutions $(a, b)$ to $2016+a^{2}=b^{2}$ ?

## Problem 7

Which integer is closest to $\frac{444}{\sqrt{111 \cdot 112}-111}$ ?

## Problem 8

An athletic flea is training by jumping back and forth on the number line. Each training session starts at 0 , and consists of one jump each of length 2, $4,8,16,32,64,128$, and 256 , always in that order. In order to have some variety, the flea can freely choose the direction, to the right or to the left, for each jump. In how many different integer locations can the flea end up after a training session?

## Problem 9

Points $A, B, C$, and $D$ are located on a circle so that the line segments $A C$ and $B D$ cross each other. The positive integers $a$ and $b$ satisfy $A B=b$, $A D=a, B C=\frac{1}{2} a$, and $C D=2 b$. Assuming $\angle B A D=90^{\circ}$ and the area of $A B C D$ is less than 1000 , what is the largest possible area of $A B C D$ ?

## Problem 10

The figure on the left can be covered by 17 dominoes in $M$ different ways, while the figure on the right can be covered by 19 dominoes in $N$ different ways. (A domino is a $2 \times 1$ rectangle. The dominoes must cover each figure entirely with no overlap.) Either $M / N$ or $N / M$ is an integer. What is that integer?


Solutions are posted on 15 January at 17.00 on abelkonkurransen.no

